



# UTIMATE TPTA CPT EXAM CHEATSHEET

THE MOST CRITICAL **THINGS YOU NEED TO PASS THE IPTA CPT EXAM** 

**CUT YOUR STUDY TIME IN HALF** WITH TRAINER ACADEMY. LEARN **ABOUT THEIR EXAM PASS (IPTA CPT RETAKE FEE) GUARANTEE. TRY OUT THEIR IPTA CPT MVP STUDY SYSTEM HERE COMPLETELY FREE.** 

### PASS Guarantee



## PTI GPT G MARSINGER

**Axial Skeleton** -Vertebrae -Ribs -Sternum -Skull

#### **Bone Types**

- Long
- Short
- Flat
- Irregular -Sesamoid

-Initial Contact -Consultation -Trial Session -Close the Sale -Follow-up **Stages of Change** -Precontemplation -Contemplation -Preparation

Fitness Sales Process

-Lead Generation

Heart Rate Zones **Z1** = 50-60% Recovery/warm-up **Z2** = 60-70% Aerobic/base **Z3** = 70-80% Tempo/Threshold **Z4** = 80-90% Submax/Anaerobic **Z5** = 90-100% Max/redline **GAS Stages** 

**Plyometric Contact** Beginner = 60Intermediate = 80-120Advanced = 120+

Youth Flexibility Frequency = 3 per week Mode = static stretch Duration =  $10-15 \sec 2x$ per stretch Intensity = mild

**Youth Resistance** Frequency = 2-3 per

**Older Adult** Resistance Frequency=2 or more/week Mode=bands/free weight Duration=8-12 reps per muscle group Intensity=moderatevigorous **Pregnancy Aerobic** Frequency=3-5 per week Mode=weight and nonweight bearing Duration=up to 30/min/day Intensity=moderate for most, vigorous for active **Pregnancy Resistance** Frequency=2-3 per week Mode=free weight and bodyweight Duration=1-3 sets for major muscle groups Intensity=moderate **Pregnancy Flexibility** Frequency=2-3 per week Mode=active, passive, dynamic Duration=10-30 sec hold Intensity=mild **Training Obese** Clients Frequency=5+ per week Mode=aerobic primary, weights for large groups Time=30 min minimum Intensity=mod-vig Assessment=push, pull, squat, single leg balance **TDEE Components** Basal Metabolism Physical Activity Thermic Effect of Food

#### Nervous system division:

-Central

-Peripheral

- -Sensory PNS
- -Motor PNS

-Somatic

-Autonomic

#### **Muscle Fibers**

-Type I (Slow twitch) -Type IIa (intermediata) -Type IIx

Adaptations: Increased blood volume

Increased cardiac

output

• Lower resting heart rate **Fick equation** = VO2

-Maintenance

-Action

#### **SMART Goals**

**S** – Specific **M** – Measurable

**A** – Attainable

**R** – Relevant

**T** – Time-based

**Blood Pressure Normal** = 120/80 **Prehypertension** = 120-139/80-89 **Hypertension 1** = 140-159/90-99 Hypertension 2 = 160/100

(L/min) = Q x a- O2 difference. APMHR = 220 - AGEHRR = APMHR - RHRTarget HR (THR) = (HRR x exercise) intensity) + RHR **Stretching Types** Static Dynamic Ballistic PNF

Alarm Reaction Resistance Dev. Recover/Exhaustion

#### **Training Protocols**

Single sets Multiple sets Pyramid sets Superset Drop set Circuit Training PHA Vertical Loading Horizaontal Loading Spli Routine

**Fitness Goals Stability** = 15 - 20 reps, low load **Endurance** = 15+reps, <60% 1RM, **Hypertrophy** = 6-12reps, >30% 1RM, 30-60sec rest **Strength** = 1-5 reps, 80% 1RM, 3-5 min rest **Power** = 1-3 reps, 85-100% 1RM or 30-40% 1RM for speed, 2-5 min rest **Full Body Routines** Upper/Lower split Push/Pull/Legs Body Part Split

week Mode = body weight Duration = 1-2 sets of 6-12 reps Intensity = <40 max load

**Youth Aerobic** Frequency = 3 per week Mode=walk/jog/dance/ bike/swim Duration = 30min Intensity = HR 50-60% max, moderate, RPE 4-5 Borg

**Older Adult Flexibility** Frequency = 2 ormore/week Mode = static stretch Duration = 5-30 min Intensity = moderate **Older Adult Aerobic** Frequency=mod/5/week Vig/3/week Mode=walk/cycle/swim/ Seated aerobics Duration=mod for 30-60 min, 150-300/week Intensity=mod-50-70% HRR Calories per g Carb=4kcals Protein=4kcals Fat=9kcal Alcohol=7kcal

 Reduced symptoms of anxiety Reduced symptoms of

depression

• Weight loss

#### **Muscle contractions**

-Isotonic -Concentric -Eccentric -Isometric -Isokinetic

**SSC** Phases -Eccentric -Amortization -Concentric